

Ongoing RELAP5-3D-related activities at SCK•CEN

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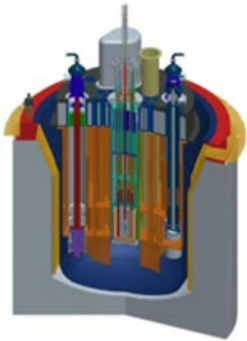
STUDIECENTRUM VOOR KERNENERGIE
CENTRE D'ETUDE DE L'ENERGIE NUCLEAIRE

IRUG meeting 2018, 3-4 May 2018, Idaho Falls

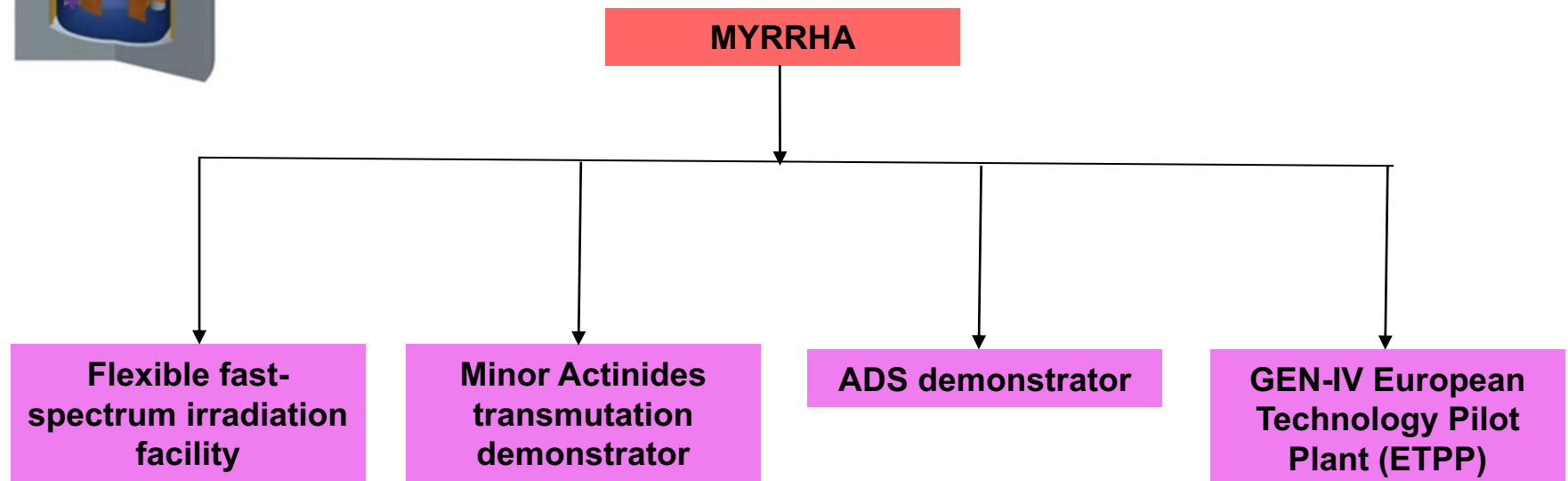
- MYRRHA plant main features
- MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: safety studies
- MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: experiments

MYRRHA plant main features – Main purposes

- MYRRHA: Multi-purpose hYbrid Research Reactor for High-tech Applications at SCK•CEN



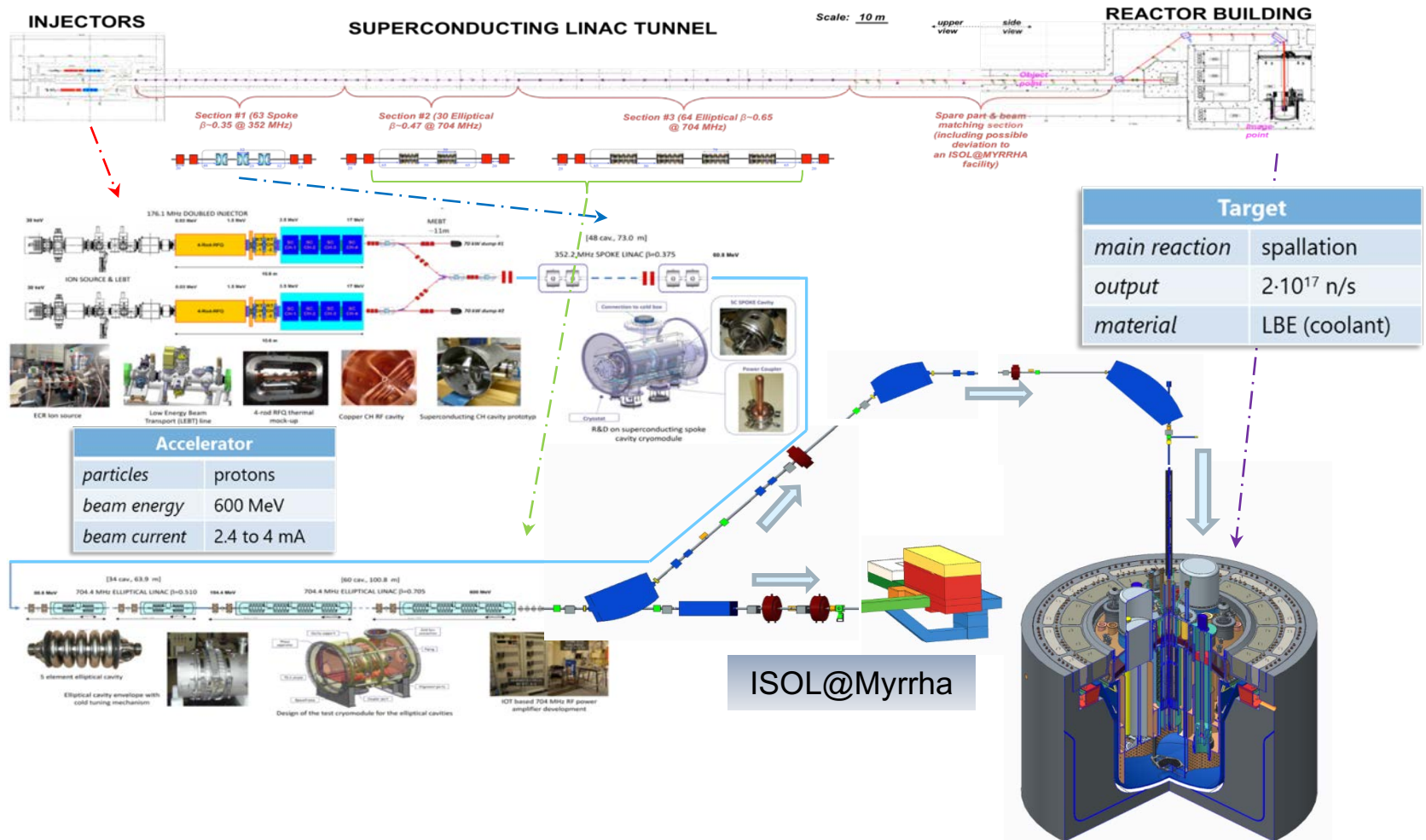
- Pool-type Accelerator Driven System (ADS) with ability to operate also as critical reactor
- Liquid Lead-Bismuth Eutectic (LBE) as primary coolant



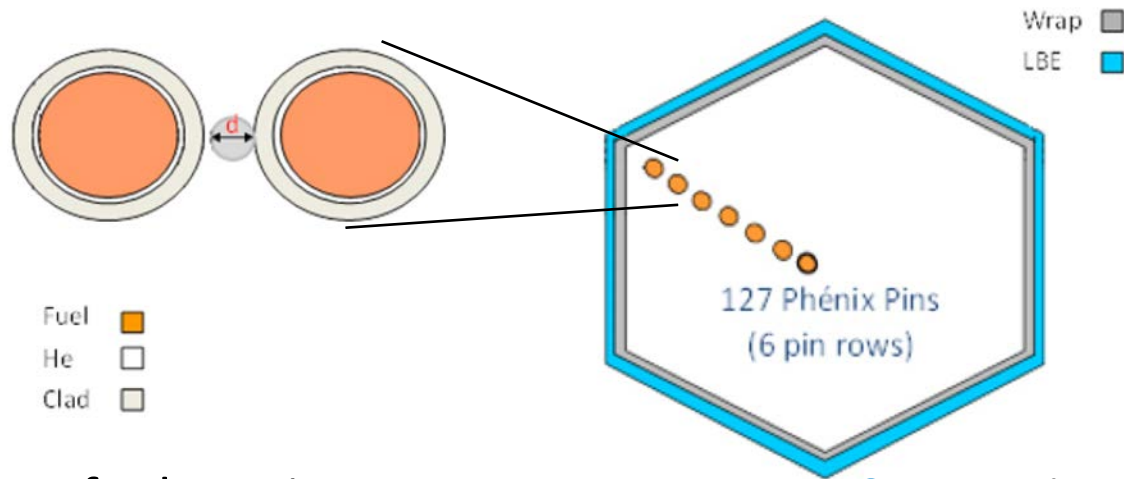
- MYRRHA project recognized as high priority infrastructure for nuclear research in Europe

MYRRHA plant main features – Plant overview

- MYRRHA: accelerator driven system (ADS)

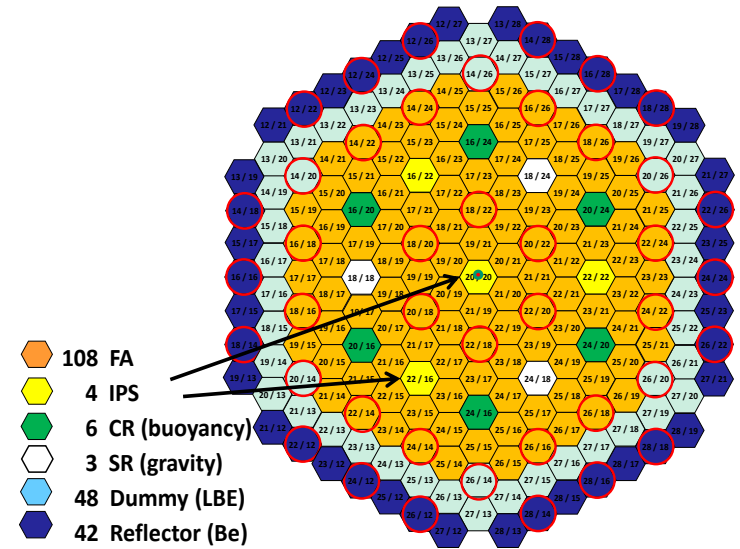
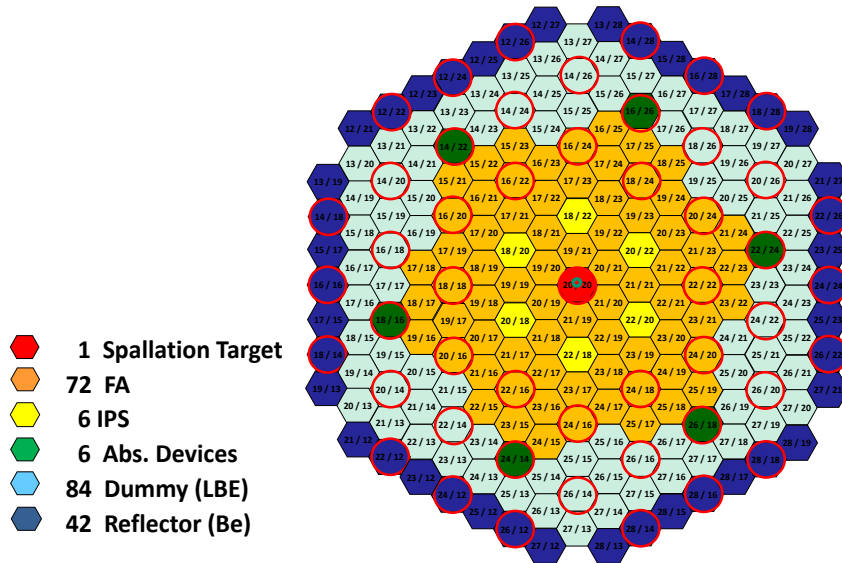


MYRRHA plant main features – Fuel pin and fuel assembly



- MOX fuel, 30% wt. Pu
- Fuel pin with wire spacer
 - Less vibrations
 - Easier to fabricate and mount
 - Better for small P/D (otherwise too thick)
- Active length: 65 cm
- 127 pins per Fuel Assembly
 - Hexagonal lattice
- Closed structure
 - Wrapper enclosing pin bundle
- Total length: ~2.5 m
- Flow rate: 71.4 kg/s

MYRRHA plant main features – Core layout

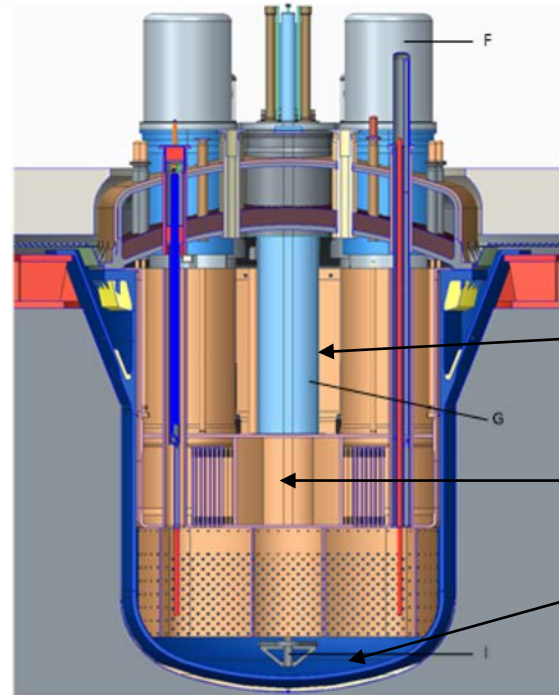
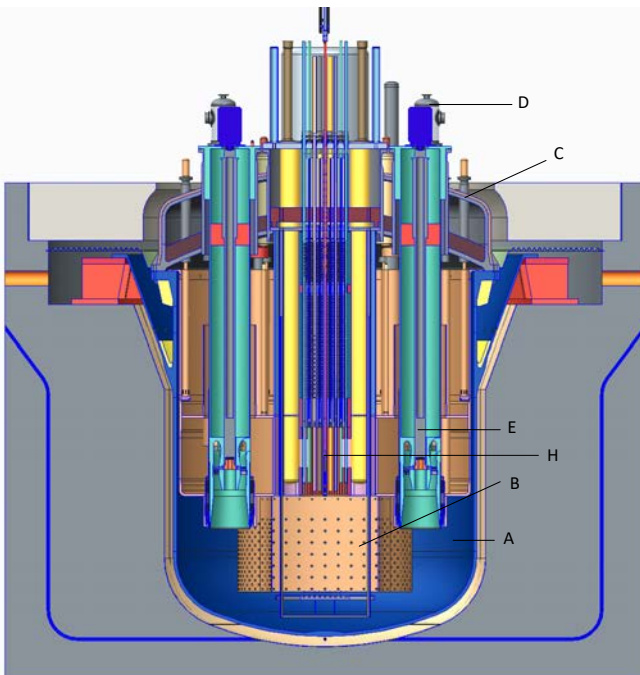


- Smaller core (72 FAs)
- Lower power (75 MW)
- No safety rods required
 - $K_{eff} = 0.95 \rightarrow$ improved safety
- High and hard flux in core center \rightarrow MA transmutation
- Proton source + window required
- High peaking factors \rightarrow Peaked temperature profiles

- Larger core (108 FAs)
- Higher power (100 MW)
- Safety rods required
- Lower and softer neutron flux in core center
- No external source required
- Lower peaking factors
- Operating experience

MYRRHA plant main features – Primary cooling system

- Primary system: completely enclosed in primary vessel (pool-type)



- 4 Primary Heat exchanger (PHX)
- 2 Primary Pumps (PPs)

Upper plenum: 325 °C

Core: 100 MW

Lower plenum: 270 °C

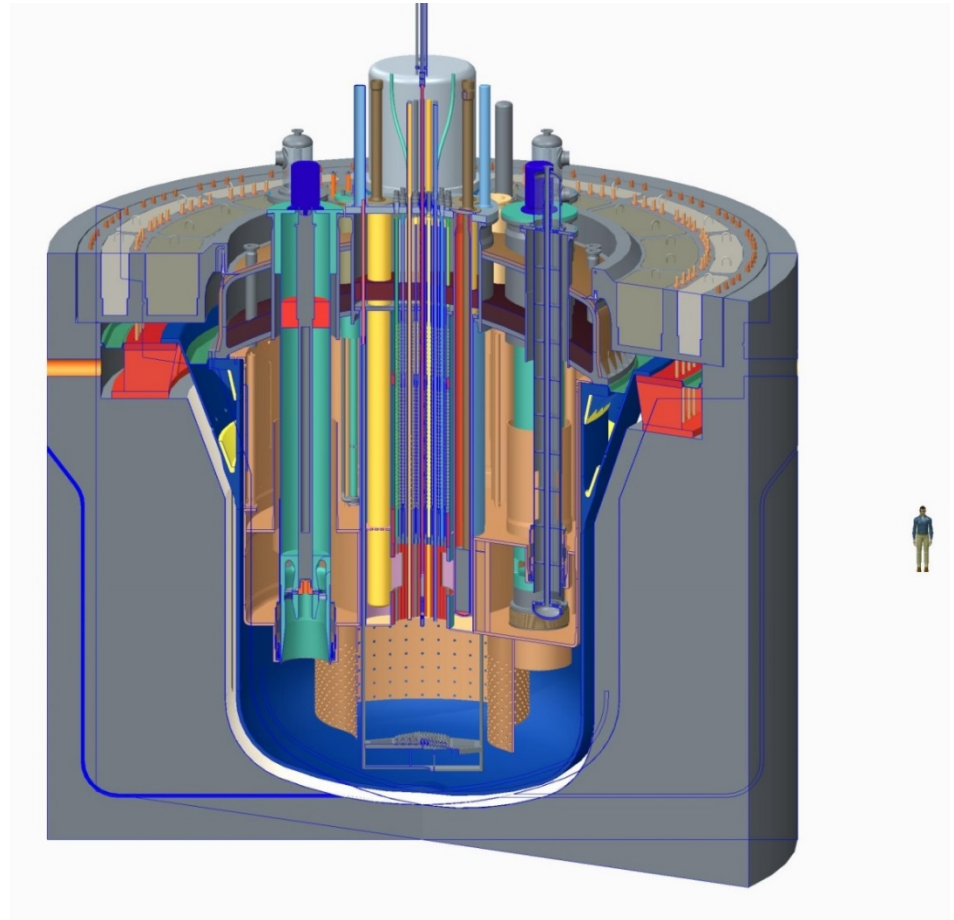
- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. Reactor vessel | F. In-Vessel Fuel Handling Machine |
| B. Diaphragm | G. Core Barrel |
| C. Reactor Cover | H. Reactor core |
| D. Primary Heat Exchanger | I. Core Restraint System |
| E. Primary Pump | |

- Cold plenum separated from hot plenum by Diaphragm
- Above LBE free surface: Nitrogen layer

MYRRHA plant main features – Primary cooling system

● Reactor layout

- Vessel
- Cover
- Core barrel and Multi-functional plugs
- Above Core Structure
- Cradle, Core Restraint System, beam line and window target
- Si-doping units, Mo-irradiation units, control rods and safety rods
- Primary Heat Exchangers
- Primary Pumps
- In-Vessel Fuel Handling Machines, Fuel Transfer Devices, Failed Fuel Detection Devices, Extraction Pumps
- Diaphragm and support structure
- Reactor pit, Reactor Vessel
- Auxiliary Cooling System



MYRRHA plant main features – STCS

- MYRRHA Secondary Cooling System (SCS):

- Four independent SCSs loops operated at 16 bar, 200 °C

- First sub-loop:

- PHX
- Steam Separator
- Feedwater Pump

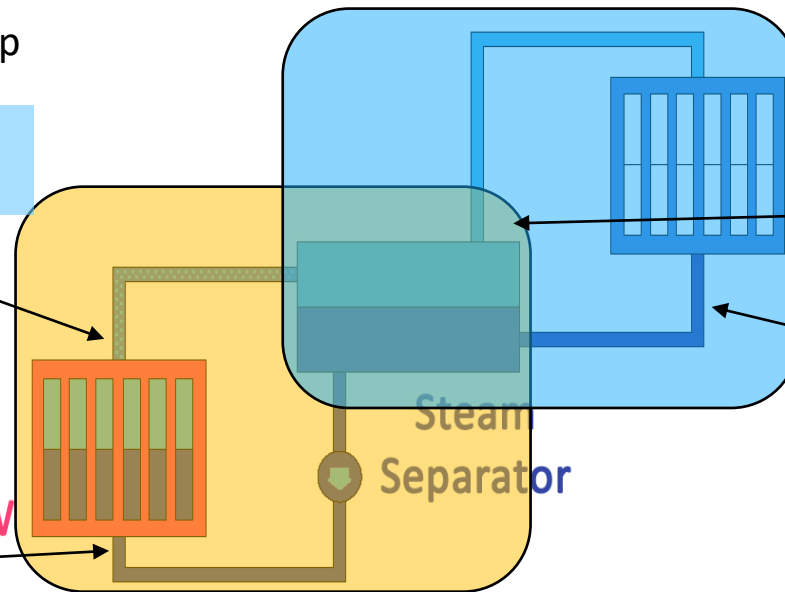
- Second sub-loop:

- Steam Line
- Aero-Condenser
- Condensate Return Line

Two-phase mixture, $x \sim 0.3$,
 $\alpha \sim 0.9$

PHX
27.5 MW

Saturated water, 200 °C



Condenser
27.5 MW

Saturated steam, 200 °C

Condensed water, 200 °C

- Tertiary system: heat to external environment through AC

MYRRHA plant main features – Operation conditions

Operating conditions

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graph TD; A[Operating conditions] --> B[Normal operation]; A --> C[Accidental conditions];
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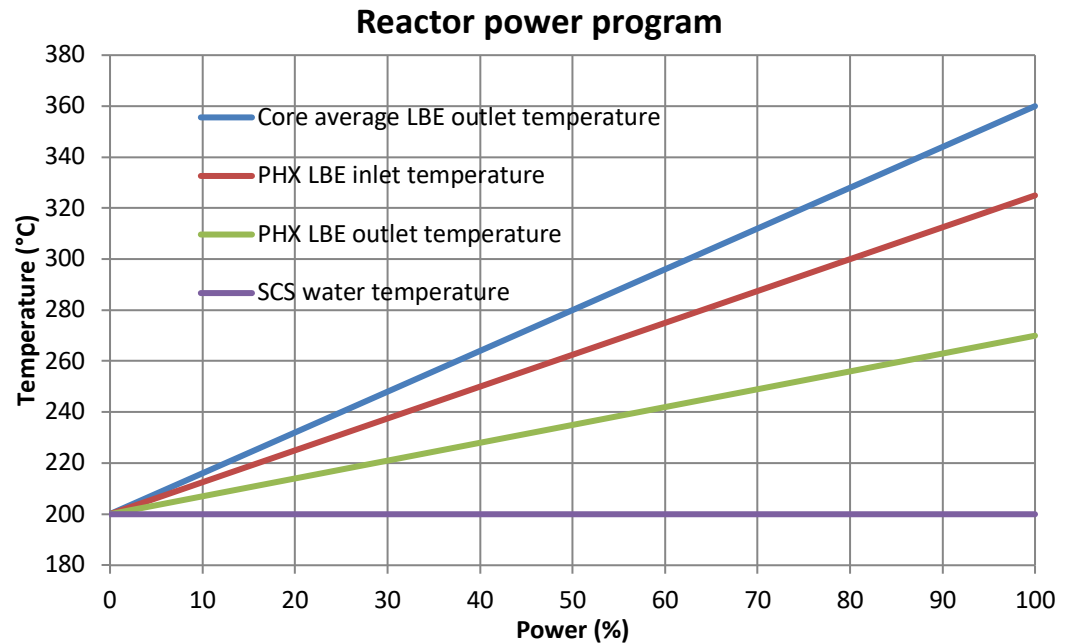
- Normal operation → Plant operating in forced circulation
- Power: 110 MW (maximum)
 - 100 MW → core power
 - 10 MW → additional heat sources:
 - In Vessel Storage Tank (IVST)
 - Po decay heat
 - Pump power
 - γ heating
 - Spallation target power
- Accidental conditions → Plant able to remove Decay Heat in passive mode (natural circulation)
- Two systems to accomplish DHR function:
 - DHR-1: STCS operating in passive mode (if required)
 - DHR-2: Reactor Vessel Auxiliary Cooling System (RVACS)

MYRRHA plant main features – Reactor Power Program

- MYRRHA: Material Testing and Demonstrator Reactor → high degree of flexibility required in terms of operational power

- Power program concept:

- Primary and Secondary mass flow rate **constant** at any power load
- SCS pressure and temperature **constant** at any power load (16 bar, 200 °C)
- Primary System temperatures and PHX outlet quality **varying** with power load

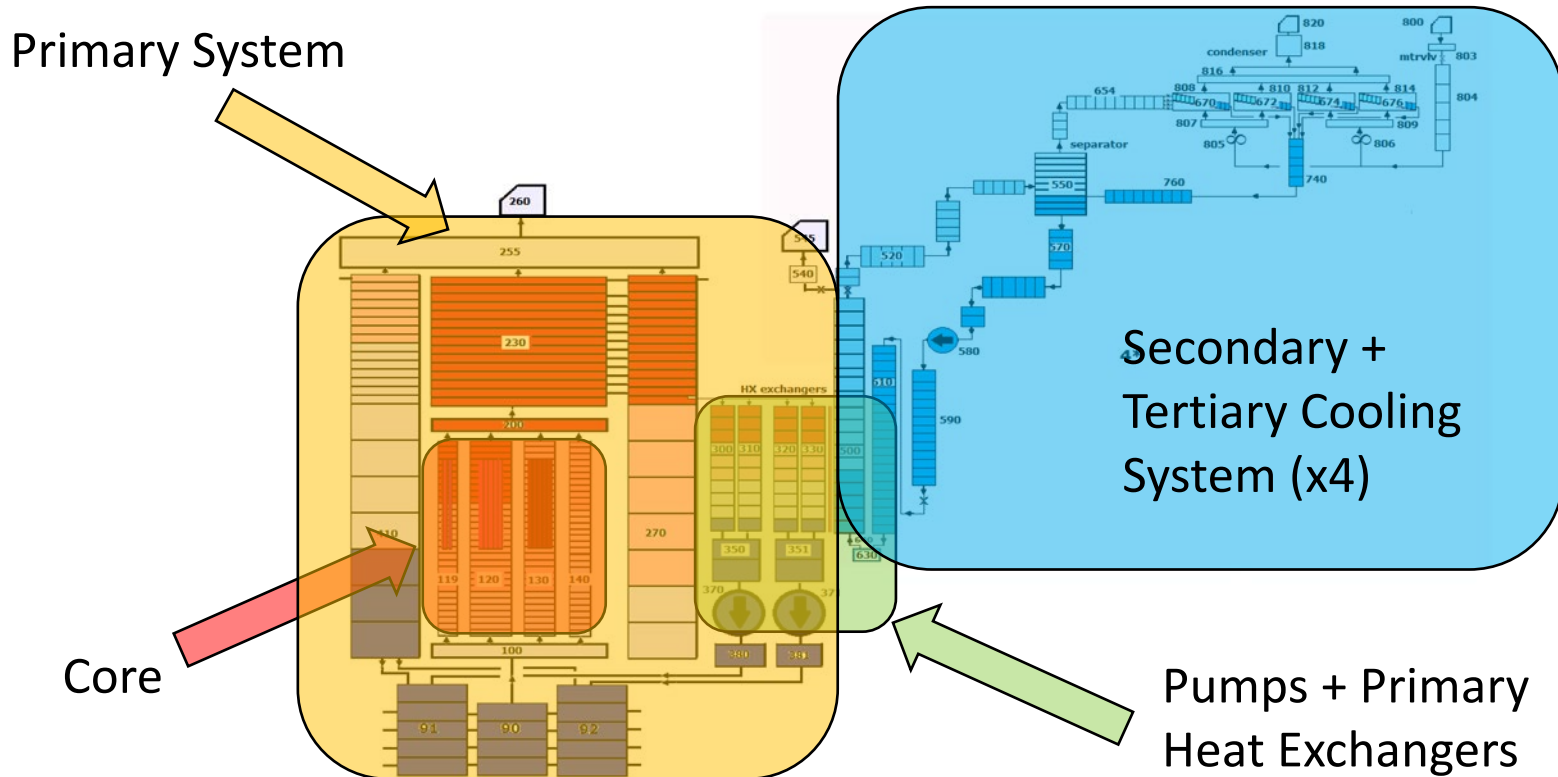


- High SCS pressures at partial loads avoided!

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: safety studies

- MYRRHA plant main features
- MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: safety studies
- MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: experiments

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – RELAP5-3D model



- RELAP5-3D MYRRHA plant model:
 - 2518 volumes, 2590 junctions
 - All cooling systems (primary, secondary, tertiary) simulated
 - Main control systems (Control Rods, secondary pressure) included

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – RELAP5-3D model

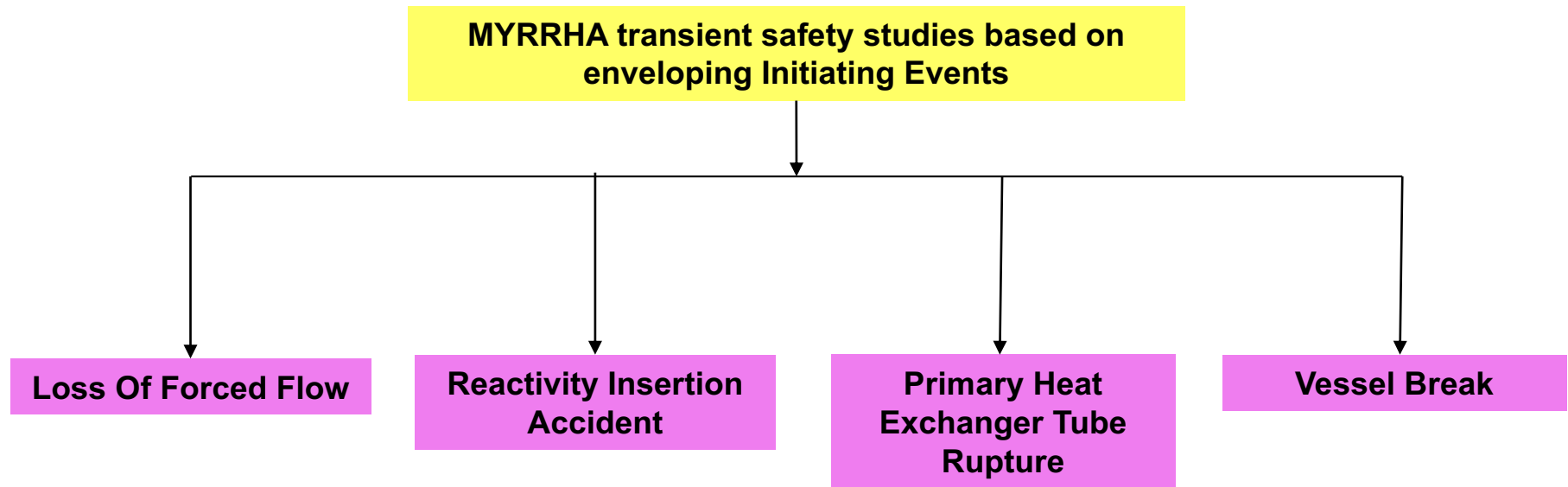
- Main steady state results reported:

| Parameter | Unit | RELAP5-3D value | Reference value | Error % |
|-------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| Active core mass flow rate | kg/s | 7719.3 | 7711.2 | 0.10 |
| Total primary system mass flow rate | kg/s | 13833.6 | 13800.0 | 0.24 |
| Core inlet temperature | °C | 266.0 | 270.0 | -1.48 |
| Core average outlet temperature | °C | 351.7 | 360.0 | -2.30 |
| Average core temperature difference | °C | 85.7 | 90.0 | -4.78 |
| FA friction pressure losses | Pa | 196397 | 200000.0 | -1.80 |
| PP head | Pa | 311571 | 300000.0 | 3.86 |
| SCS first sub-loop mass flow rate | kg/s | 45.9 | 47.0 | -2.34 |
| PHX SCS lower head pressure | Pa | 1603210.0 | 1600000.0 | 0.20 |
| PHX water outlet quality | - | 0.3 | 0.3 | ~0 |

- Good agreement between code-calculated values and design values
 - Limited differences due to different LBE physical properties (mainly C_p)
- Maximum clad temperature ~ 470 °C
- Maximum fuel temperature ~ 1600 °C (low value due to low linear power ~ 110 W/cm)

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: safety studies – Transients

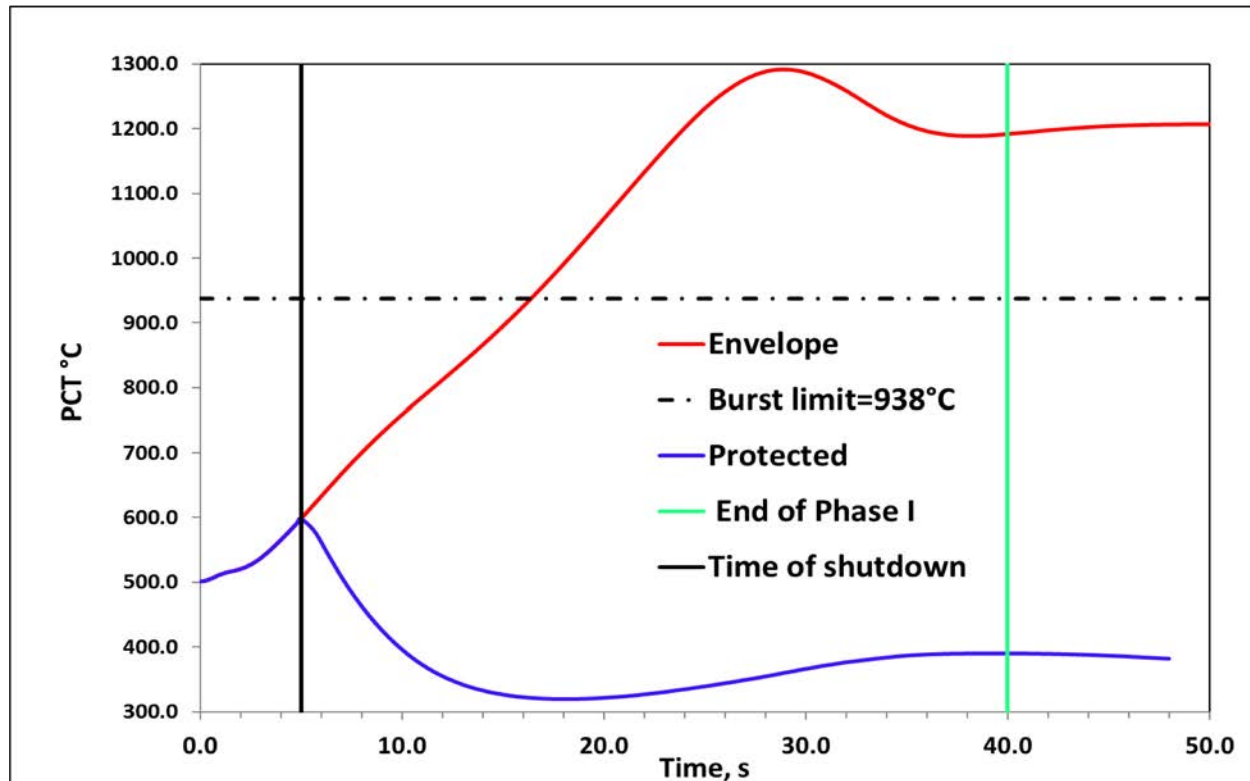
- MYRRHA entered pre-licensing phase (contacts with Belgian Safety Authority started)



- Transients simulated using reference MYRRHA RELAP5-3D model
 - Appropriate boundary conditions assumed to represent enveloping conservative cases

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – LOFF

- Reference envelope LOFF transient: Loss Of Offsite Power with double locked rotor



- Unprotected transient: limit reached after ~17 s
- Protected transient: safety criterion well respected

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – RIA

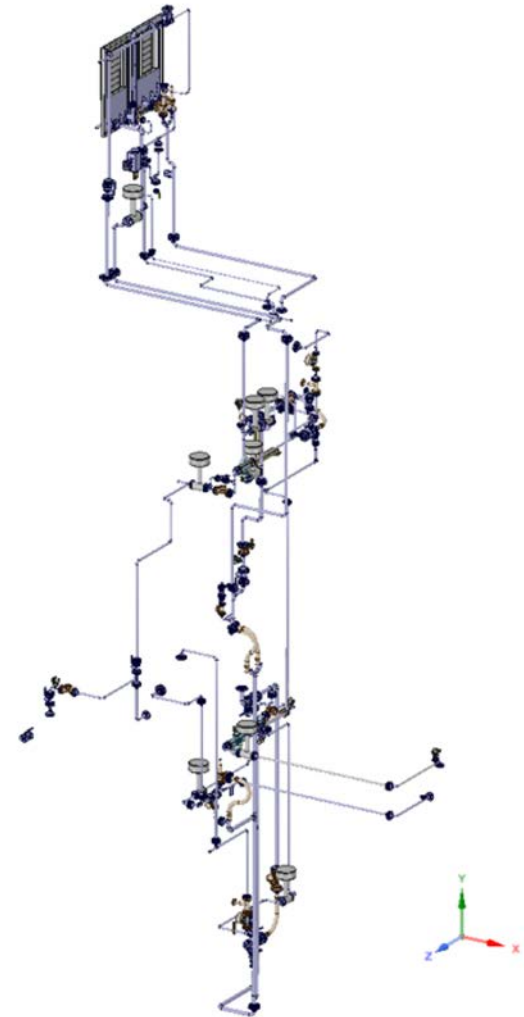
- Reactivity insertion caused by several reasons:
 - Water ingress
 - Core compaction
 - Accidental control rod ejection or withdrawal
- MYRRHA official RELAP5-3D model modified:
 - Secondary Cooling System removed
 - Primary System reduced to core region
 - Core split in 18 channels: different fuel batch → different gap conductance and NK feedbacks
- Conservative case in terms of pin conductivity, thermal expansion and reactivity feedbacks:
 - Maximum step-type reactivity insertion: 211 pcm
 - Maximum slope-type reactivity insertion: 109 pcm/s

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: experiments

- MYRRHA plant main features
- MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: safety studies
- **MYRRHA pre-licensing activities: experiments**

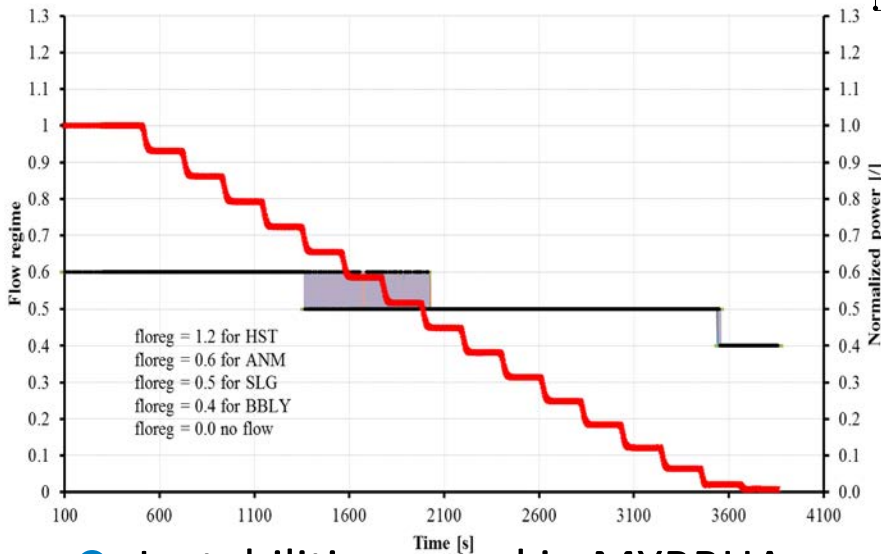
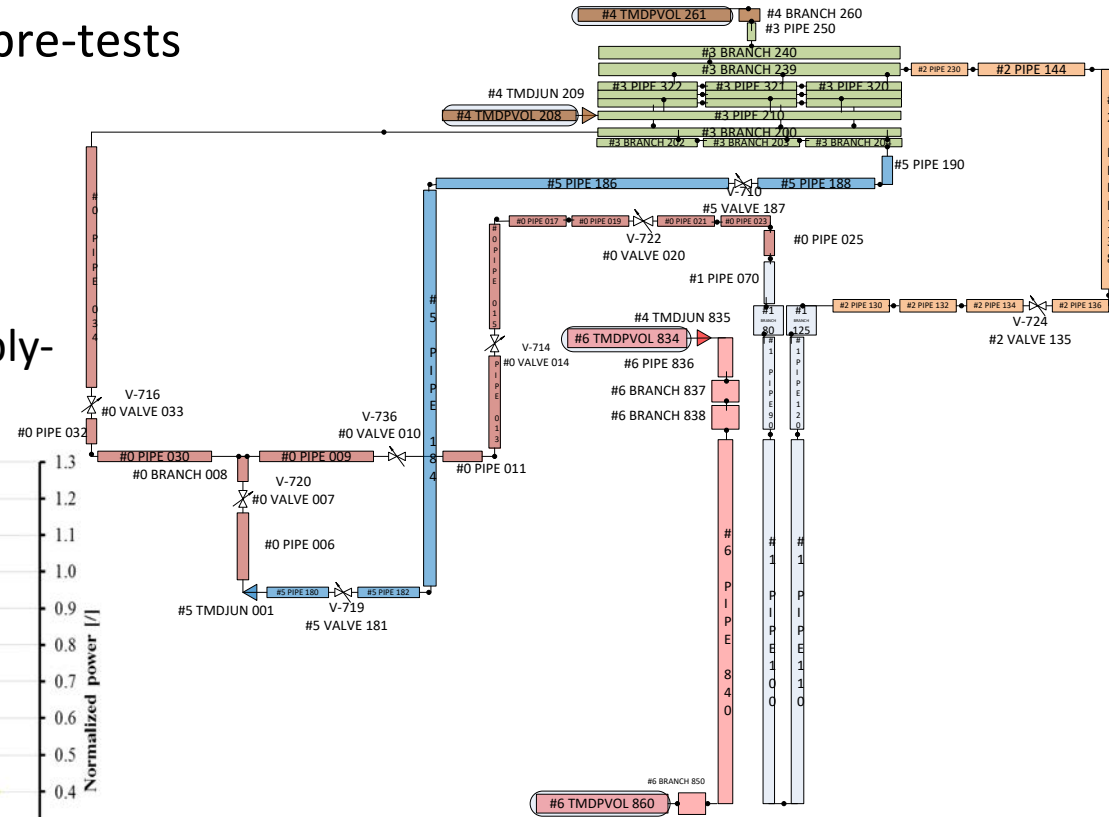
MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – HEXACOM

- Heat EXchanger At COMplot (HEXACOM): two-phase pressurized water loop simulating MYRRHA PHX and SCS
 - Maximum power: 100 kW
 - Design pressure: 25 bar
- Main objectives:
 - Investigate PHX configurations heat transfer performances
 - Develop and validate HTC correlations for HX bundles in LBE
 - Improve knowledge on two-phase phenomena at $p < 20$ bar
 - Obtain experimental databases for model development
 - Study two-phase phenomena in support of MYRRHA design
- Facility commission foreseen for end 2018



MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – HEXACOM

- HEXACOM RELAP5 model for pre-tests
- Full power: as expected
- Partial loads: instabilities in vertical line PIPE 138
 - Flow regime transitions: bubbly-slug and slug-annular

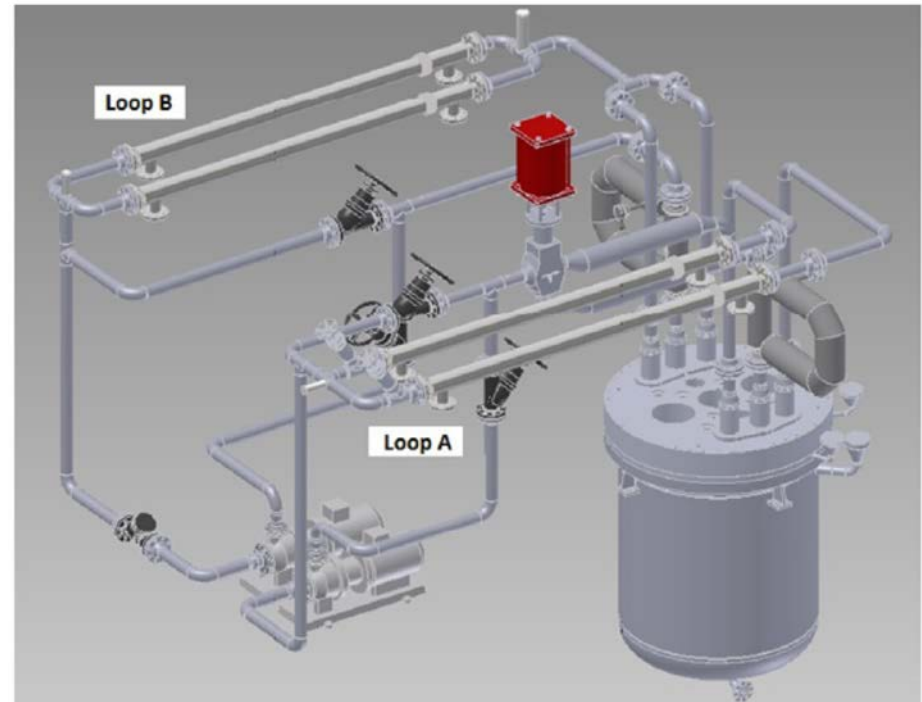


- 0 → 40%, 70% → 100%: stable
- 40% → 70%: unstable (slug ↔ annular)
- ~5%: unstable (bubbly ↔ slug)

- Instabilities noted in MYRRHA model as well!

MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – E-SCAPE

- European SCAled Pool Experiment (E-SCAPE): thermal hydraulic 1/6-scale model of the MYRRHA primary system
- Main objective: represent 3-D temperature and velocity fields (convection patterns, flow mixing, stratification)
- Power: 10 kW
- Two main working conditions:
 - Forced circulation
 - Natural circulation
 - Correct temperature increase!
- Test matrix:
 - Full/reduced power operation
 - Single/multiple PHX or pump failure
- First steady-state tests recently finalized!



MYRRHA pre-licensing activities – E-SCAPE

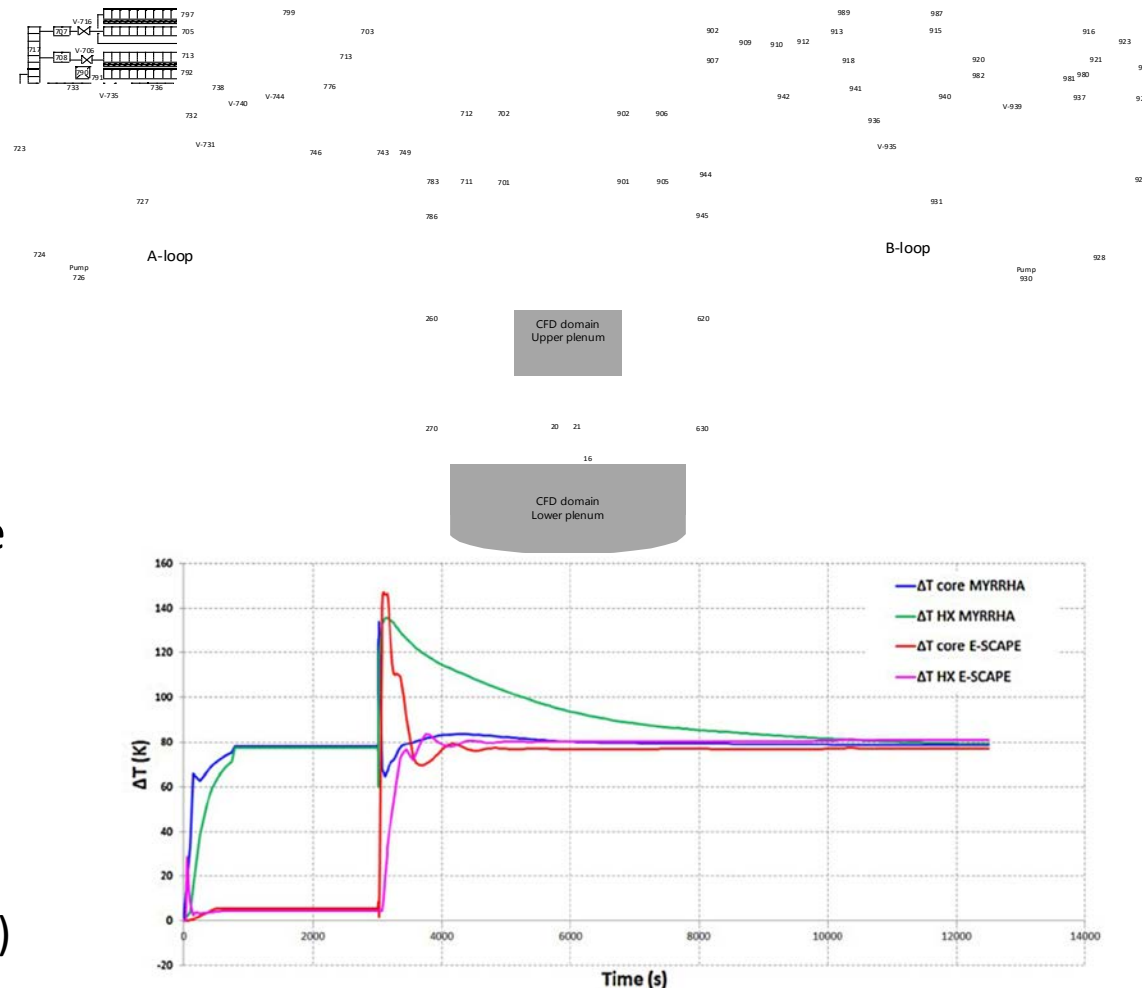
- E-SCAPE RELAP5-3D model for pre-tests

- Model built to pre-test system performances and data post-test

- Initially developed as RELAP5-3D stand-alone
- Coupling with ANSYS-FLUENT
→ Two CFD domains included

- Transient tests post-tests to be finalized by April 2019 (EU H2020-MYRTE project)

- Loss Of Forced Flow pre-test simulation (MYRRHA vs. E-SCAPE)



- MYRRHA plant currently under development at SCK•CEN
 - Pre-licensing contact with Belgian Safety Authority started
 - Several safety studies delivered
 - Ongoing R&D program to better issue remaining open items
- RELAP5-3D: tool selected for design support and safety analysis
 - MYRRHA reference model
 - Pre- and post-test studies on experimental facilities → Contribution to code validation:
 - Lead-Bismuth Eutectic as primary coolant
 - Pool-type reactors 3-D velocity and temperature fields
 - Low pressure (< 16 bar) applications